

Engenharia Civil

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EXERCÍCIOS

1) Encontrar a derivada das funções dadas.

a) $f(r) = \pi r^2$

c) $f(w) = aw^2 + b$

b) $f(x) = 3x^2 + 6x - 10$

d) $f(x) = 14 - \frac{1}{2}x^{-3}$

e) $f(x) = (2x + 1) \cdot (3x^2 + 6)$

f) $f(x) = (7x - 1) \cdot (x + 4)$

h) $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}(5x - 3)^{-1} \cdot (5x + 3)$

g) $f(x) = (3x^5 - 1) \cdot (2 - x^4)$

i) $f(x) = (x - 1) \cdot (x + 1)$

q) $f(x) = \frac{4 - x}{5 - x^2}$

j) $f(s) = (s^2 - 1) \cdot (3s - 1) \cdot (5s^3 + 2s)$

r) $f(x) = \frac{5x + 7}{2x - 2}$

k) $f(x) = 7(ax^2 + bx + c)$

s) $f(x) = \frac{x + 1}{x + 2} \cdot (3x^2 + 6x)$

m) $f(x) = \frac{2x + 4}{3x - 1}$

t) $f(t) = \frac{(t - a)^2}{t - b}$

n) $f(t) = \frac{t - 1}{t + 1}$

u) $f(x) = \frac{3}{x^4} + \frac{5}{x^5}$

o) $f(t) = \frac{3t^2 + 5t - 1}{t - 1}$

v) $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^4 + \frac{2}{x^6}$

p) $f(t) = \frac{2 - t^2}{t - 2}$

2) Dadas as funções $f(x) = x^2 + Ax$ e $g(x) = Bx$, determinar A e B de tal forma que

$$\begin{cases} f'(x) + g'(x) = 1 + 2x \\ f(x) - g(x) = x^2 \end{cases}$$

3) Dada a função $f(t) = 3t^3 - 4t + 1$, encontrar $f(0) - t.f'(0)$.

4) Encontrar a equação da reta tangente à curva $y = \frac{2x+1}{3x-4}$, no ponto $x = -1$.

5) Seja $y = ax^2 + bx$. Encontrar os valores de a e b, sabendo que a tangente à curva no ponto (1,5) tem inclinação $m = 8$.

6) Determinar a equação da reta tangente às curvas, nos pontos indicados. Esboçar o gráfico em cada caso.

a) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$; $x = \frac{1}{3}$; $x = 3$

b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-a}$; $a \in \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 4\}$; $x = -2$; $x = 4$

c) $f(x) = 2\sqrt{x}$; $x = 0$; $x = 3$; $x = a, a > 0$

7) Calcular as seguintes derivadas:

a) $f(x) = 10(3x^2 + 7x - 3)^{10}$

h) $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}e^{3-x}$

b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{a}(bx^2 + ax)^3$

i) $f(x) = 2^{3x^2+6x}$

c) $f(t) = (7t^2 + 6t)^7 \cdot (3t - 1)^4$

j) $f(s) = (7s^2 + 6s - 1)^3 + 2e^{-3s}$

d) $f(t) = \left(\frac{7t+1}{2t^2+3}\right)^2$

k) $f(t) = e^{t/2}(t^2 + 5t)$

e) $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{(3x^2 + 6x - 2)^2}$

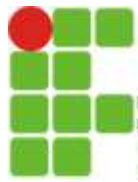
l) $f(x) = \log_2(2x + 4)$

f) $f(x) = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{3x-1}}$

m) $f(s) = \log_3 \sqrt{s+1}$

g) $f(t) = \sqrt{\frac{2t+1}{t-1}}$

n) $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)$



$$o) f(x) = \frac{a^{3x}}{b^{3x^2-6x}}$$

$$p) f(t) = (2t+1)^{t^2-1}$$

$$q) f(s) = \frac{1}{2}(a+bs)^{\ln(a+bs)}$$

$$r) f(u) = \cos(\pi/2 - u)$$

$$s) f(\theta) = 2\cos\theta^2 \cdot \sin 2\theta$$

$$t) f(x) = \sin^3(3x^2 + 6x)$$

$$u) f(x) = 3\operatorname{tg}(2x+1) + \sqrt{x}$$

$$v) f(x) = \frac{3\sec^2 x}{x}$$

$$x) f(x) = e^{2x} \cos 3x$$

$$w) f(\theta) = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta^3$$

$$y) f(x) = a\sqrt{\cos bx}$$

$$z) f(u) = (u \cdot \operatorname{tgu})^2$$

$$a1) f(\theta) = a^{\cot \theta}, a > 0$$

$$b1) f(x) = (\operatorname{arc} \operatorname{sen} x)^2$$

$$c1) f(t) = \operatorname{arc} \cos 3t$$

$$d1) f(t) = \operatorname{arc} \cos(\operatorname{sen} t)$$

$$e1) f(x) = \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{sec} \sqrt{x}$$

$$f1) f(t) = t^2 \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{cosec}(2t+3)$$

$$g1) f(x) = \frac{\ln(\operatorname{sen} hx)}{x}$$

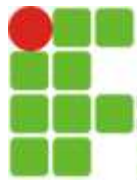
$$h1) f(t) = \left[\operatorname{cot} \operatorname{gh}(t+1)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$i1) f(x) = \left[\operatorname{cosech} \frac{(3x+1)}{x} \right]^3$$

$$j1) f(x) = x \cdot \operatorname{arg} \cosh x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$k1) f(x) = x \cdot \operatorname{arg} \operatorname{cot} \operatorname{gh} x^2$$

$$l1) f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\operatorname{arg} \operatorname{cot} \operatorname{gh} x^2 \right]^2$$



Respostas:

- 1) a) $2\pi r$ b) $6x + 6$ c) $2aw$ d) $\frac{3}{2x^4}$ e) $18x^2 + 6x + 12$
- f) $14x + 27$ g) $-27x^8 + 30x^4 + 4x^3$ h) $-\frac{20}{(5x-3)^2}$ i) $2x$
- j) $90s^5 - 25s^4 - 36s^3 + 9s^2 - 12s + 2$ k) $14ax + 7b$ l) $-24u^2 + 8au + 2a$ m) $\frac{-14}{(3x-1)^2}$
- n) $\frac{2}{(t+1)^2}$ o) $\frac{3t^2 - 6t - 4}{(t-1)^2}$ p) $\frac{-t^2 + 4t - 2}{(t-2)^2}$ q) $\frac{-x^2 + 8x - 5}{(5-x^2)^2}$ r) $\frac{-6}{(x-1)^2}$ s) $\frac{3x + 6(x+1)^2}{x+2}$
- t) $\frac{t^2 - 2bt + 2ab - a^2}{(t-b)^2}$ u) $-\frac{1}{x^5} \left(12 + \frac{25}{x} \right)$ v) $2x^3 - \frac{12}{x^7}$
- 2) $A = B = 1/2$
- 3) $1 + 4t$
- 4) $11x + 49y + 4 = 0$
- 5) $a = 3$ e $b = 2$
- 6) a) $p/x = 1/3$ $y + 9x - 6 = 0$; $p/x = 3$ $9y + x - 6 = 0$
 b) $p/x = -2$ $y \cdot (2+a)^2 + x + a + 4 = 0$;
 $p/x = 4$ $y \cdot (4-a)^2 + x + a - 8 = 0$
 c) $p/x = 0$ $x = 0$; $p/x = 3$ $\sqrt{3}y - x - 3 = 0$
 $p/x = a$ $\sqrt{a}y - x - a = 0$
- 7) a) $100 \cdot (3x^2 + 7x - 3)^9 \cdot (6x + 7)$ b) $\frac{3}{a} \cdot (bx^2 + ax)^2 \cdot (2bx + a)$
- c) $(7t^2 + 6t)^6 \cdot (3t - 1)^3 \cdot [7 \cdot (3t - 1) \cdot (14t + 6) + 12(7t^2 + 6t)]$
- d) $\frac{(14t+2) \cdot (-14t^2 - 4t + 21)}{(2t^2 + 3)^3}$ e) $\frac{4 \cdot (x+1)}{\sqrt[3]{3x^2 + 6x - 2}}$ f) $\frac{3x-2}{(3x-1)\sqrt{3x-1}}$
- g) $-\frac{3}{2(t-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (2t+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ h) $-\frac{1}{3} \cdot e^{3-x}$ i) $2^{3x^2+6x} \cdot 6 \cdot (x+1) \cdot \ln 2$
- j) $6[(7s+3) \cdot (7s^2+6s-1)^2 - e^{-3s}]$ k) $e^{t/2} \cdot \left(\frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{9}{2}t + 5 \right)$
- l) $\frac{\log_2 e}{x+2}$ m) $\frac{\log_3 e}{2 \cdot (s+1)}$ n) $-\frac{x+2}{x \cdot (x+1)}$ o) $\frac{a^{3x} [3 \ln a - (6x-6) \ln b]}{b^{3x^2-6x}}$
- p) $2 \cdot (t^2 - 1) \cdot (2t + 1)^{t^2-2} + 2t \cdot (2t + 1)^{t^2-1} \cdot \ln(2t + 1)$
- q) $\frac{b}{2} \ln(a+bs) \left[(a+bs)^{\ln(a+bs)-1} + \frac{(a+bs)^{\ln(a+bs)}}{a+bs} \right]$ r) $\sin(\pi/2 - u)$
- s) $-4 \cdot \theta \sin \theta^2 \cdot \sin 2\theta + 4 \cos \theta^2 \cdot \cos 2\theta$ t) $18 \cdot (x+1) \sin^2(3x^2 + 6x) \cdot \cos(3x^2 + 6x)$
- u) $6 \sec^2(2x+1) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$ v) $\frac{3 \sec^2 x}{x^2} (2x \cdot \operatorname{tg} x - 1)$ x) $e^{2x} (2 \cos 3x - 3 \sin 3x)$
- w) $6\theta^2 \cdot \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta^3 \cdot \cot \theta^3$ y) $\frac{a \cdot \operatorname{sen} bx}{2\sqrt{\cos bx}}$ z) m a1) $-a^{\cot \theta} \cdot \ln a \cdot \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta$ b1) $\frac{2 \operatorname{arcsen} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
- c1) $-\frac{3}{\sqrt{1-9t^2}}$ d1) -1 e1) $\frac{1}{2x\sqrt{x-1}}$ f1) $\frac{-2t^2}{|2t+3|\sqrt{(2t+3)^2-1}} + 2t \cdot \operatorname{arccos} \operatorname{sec}(2t+3)$
- g1) $\frac{x \cdot \cot \operatorname{gh} x - \ln(\operatorname{sen} h x)}{x^2}$ h1) $\frac{-(t+1) \operatorname{cos} \operatorname{sech}^2(t+1)^2}{\sqrt{\cot \operatorname{gh}(t+1)^2}}$ i1) $\frac{3}{x^2} \operatorname{cos} \operatorname{sech}^3 \left(\frac{3x+1}{x} \right) \cdot \cot g \left(\frac{3x+1}{x} \right)$
- j1) $\operatorname{arg} \operatorname{cosh} x$ k1) $\frac{2x^2}{1-x^4} + \operatorname{arg} \cot \operatorname{gh} x^2$ l1) $\frac{2x}{1-x^4} \cdot \operatorname{arg} \cot \operatorname{gh} x^2$